rsts of string pizzicato (for both that should have merited a booklet In Madhares, the Diotima Quartet stively evokes a sun-drenched landscape.

I's recording – a pleasure in itself – es the players' every nuance. MARÍA SOLARE

NINI 24 Caprices for violin solo op.1 humann) min Schmid (violin) mirnova (piano)

3 0674-2



Arrangements of solo works to include piano accompaniments are still regarded with suspicion, although Schumann's

narmonisation' of Paganini's op.1 is cally interesting. Schumann's respect anini is evident, although such is plicity of his piano writing that added by its inclusion. al impressions indicate Benjamin d's prowess and powerful tone, but rather tight sound all too easily into distortions, as in nos.1, 4 and

re off-string strokes can lose clear lefinition. The recording is closely picking up quite a lot of surface while the piano is kept respectfully background.

said, there is some impressive n-style playing here and the disc es as it goes on. Schmid, winner 1992 Carl Flesch competition, is an agile violinist, with wonderfully ed 10ths in no.4, tidy and wellup-bow staccatos in no.7 and a ange of tonal contrasts in nos.22 . It is debatable as to how much endency towards tonal stridency is t of the recording or his own ideals e, but once again, Schmidt shows us aganini's works are rarely a challenge ay's virtuosos. An interesting and sive disc.

OFIEV Violin Sonatas no.1 in r op.80 & no.2 in D major op.94a, elodies op.35b

Berman (violin)

n Mamikonian (piano)

C CDS 654

III SOM



Prokofiev's two violin sonatas are so stylistically contrasted that they could virtually be the work of different composers. No.1

is dark, almost unremittingly grim, and driven by manic sforzando rhythms for much of the Allegro brusco second movement and finale, which Berman and Mamikonian thrust home with alacrity. Turn the coin over and one encounters in no.2 a warmth and optimistic playfulness that in context sounds like a musical restorative.

Berman's Kremer-like microresponsiveness and ability to tame his tone down to a mere whisper via a series of delicately inflected bow strokes is ideally suited to no.1. Where Perlman (RCA) occasionally sounds ill at ease applying 19th-century rhetoric to a score tearing to be let off the leash, Berman embraces each thorny aside as though intoxicated by its vehemence, slimming down his sound so as to avoid any hint of tonal voluptuousness.

The D major Sonata sits tantalisingly between neo-Classical cool and neo-Romantic espressivo. Here Perlman is in his element, whereas Berman tends to shy away from any passing moments of overt tenderness, almost as though they were applied by the composer with a strong sense of irony. That said, Berman magics the Five Melodies with a profound sense of their underlying lyricism, and the engineering captures every nuance with ear-tweaking precision.

JULIAN HAYLOCK

RODE 24 Caprices en forme d'études Elizabeth Wallfisch (violin)

CPO 777 129-2 (TWO DISCS)



First printed in 1815, Rode's 24 Caprices are charming pieces, far more than the didactic exercises that the term 'etude' might

suggest, with moments of real beauty amid their extreme virtuosic demands.

Elizabeth Wallfisch, playing on a 1750 Petrus Paul de Vitor violin, gives spirited performances, but doesn't always achieve the supreme clarity of tone that these hugely difficult works demand. There is undoubtedly some wonderful playing here. Her control of the slower, more expressive caprices is often thrilling: the lamenting strings of 3rds in the regal Siciliano of

Caprice no.4, and the flowing Adagio opening to Caprice no.6, for example, are lilting; and the contrast between racing spiccato and bursts of legato is perfectly judged in no.18. The relentless pace, the fire and energy, of nos. 8 and 15 are brilliantly incisive; the lithe dance of no.5 is delicately described; the Presto of no.22 bubbles and sparkles.

Throughout, however, there are imperfections that make the collection uneven: the odd moment of sour intonation, noise from other strings and too-audible shifts mar the overall effect. Occasionally the sheer effort involved in mastering the technical difficulty of a phrase means that the music isn't allowed to speak, so that despite the warmth and shine of the recording, this pair of discs is ultimately disappointing. CATHERINE NELSON

VIEUXTEMPS Violin Concertos no.4 in D minor op.31 & no.5 in A minor op.37 'Grétry', Fantasia appassionata op.35 Viviane Hagner (violin) Royal Flemish Philharmonic/Martyn Brabbins HYPERION CDA 67798



The dull booklet cover, with the strap-line 'The Romantic Violin Concerto -8', hints at a didactic purpose. In this the disc

is successful, as Viviane Hagner fiddles with considerable brilliance, the Belgian orchestra plays well under its British principal guest conductor, and the music is taken seriously.

As an artistic enterprise, it is less convincing, although Hagner plays with freedom and flair in the Fantasia appassionata and seems to enjoy herself more than in the two concertos. Her phrasing in the celebrated Largo is lovely and she is delightful in the final Saltarello.

The problem in the concertos is one of consistency. Hagner can turn on dazzling virtuosity of a kind, although her tone colour is not varied enough and she can even be pedantic, as at her entry in the finale of the Fourth Concerto. She makes nothing of the horn calls in the trio of its scherzo.

In the weirdly constructed Fifth Concerto Hagner plays nicely when she relaxes, but too often displays a steely determination that I find less attractive. I am no more sure about the Eindhoven Musiekcentrum acoustic than I was when